

MINIMAL $rg\alpha$ -OPEN SETS AND MAXIMAL $rg\alpha$ -CLOSED SETS

A. VADIVEL AND K. VAIRAMANICKAM

Abstract

A proper nonempty $rg\alpha$ -open subset U of a topological space X is called a minimal $rg\alpha$ -open set if any $rg\alpha$ -open set contained in U is ϕ or U . A proper nonempty $rg\alpha$ -closed subset F of a topological space X is called a maximal $rg\alpha$ -closed set if any $rg\alpha$ -closed set containing F is either X or F . A proper nonempty $rg\alpha$ -closed subset F of a topological space X is called a minimal $rg\alpha$ -closed set if any $rg\alpha$ -closed set contained in F is ϕ or F . A proper nonempty $rg\alpha$ -open subset U of a topological space X is called a maximal $rg\alpha$ -open set if any $rg\alpha$ -open set containing U is either X or U . We prove that the complement of a minimal (maximal) $rg\alpha$ -open set is a maximal (minimal) $rg\alpha$ -closed set. During this process some properties of these sets are also obtained.

(0, -1.1989063) (9.079062, 1.1789062) [dotsize=0.12] (1.1140625, 1.0789063) [dot-size=0.12] (0.5340625, 0.05890625)

Key Words and Phrases : *Minimal $rg\alpha$ -open sets, Maximal $rg\alpha$ -closed sets, Minimal $rg\alpha$ -closed sets, Maximal $rg\alpha$ -open sets.*

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